2015 Cell Signaling

SignalSilence[®] GSK-3 α / β siRNA

10μM in 300 μl (100 transfections)



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For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.

Species Cross-Reactivity: H, (M, R)

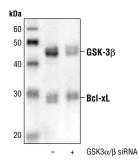
Description: SignalSilence® GSK- $3\alpha/\beta$ siRNA from Cell Signaling Technology allows the researcher to specifically inhibit GSK-3 α and GSK-3 β expression using RNA interference, a method in which gene expression can be selectively silenced through the delivery of double stranded RNA molecules into the cell. All SignalSilence® siRNA products are rigorously tested in-house and have been shown to reduce protein expression in specified cell lines.

Background: Glycogen synthase kinase-3 (GSK-3) was initially identified as an enzyme that regulates glycogen synthesis in response to insulin (1). GSK-3 is a ubiquitously expressed serine/threonine protein kinase that phosphorylates and inactivates glycogen synthase. GSK-3 is a critical downstream element of the PI3 kinase/Akt cell survival pathway whose activity can be inhibited by Akt-mediated phosphorylation at Ser21 of GSK-3 α and Ser9 of GSK-3 β (2,3). GSK-3 has been implicated in the regulation of cell fate in Dictvostelium and is a component of the Wnt signaling pathway required for Drosophila, Xenopus and mammalian development (4). GSK-3 has been shown to regulate cyclin D1 proteolysis and subcellular localization (5).

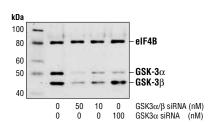
Small Interfering RNA (siRNA) has been used to specifically silence GSK-3 α and β expression, causing an upregulation of beta-catenin protein levels (6).

Directions for Use: CST recommends transfection with 50 nM GSK-3 α /β siRNA 48 hours prior to cell lysis. See Protocol for transfection procedure.

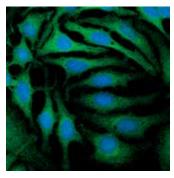
Specificity/ Sensitivity: GSK-3α/β siRNA will inhibit human, mouse and rat GSK- $3\alpha/\beta$ expression.

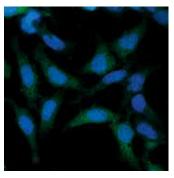


Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells, untransfected or transfected with GSK-3 α/β siRNA. GSK-3 β was detected using GSK-3\$\beta\$ Antibody #9332, and Bcl-xL was detected using Bcl-xL Antibody #2762. The GSK-3\beta Antibody confirms silencing of GSK-3 β expression, and the Bcl-xL Antibody is used to control for loading and siRNA specificity.



Western blot analysis of extracts from HeLa cells, untransfected or transfected with either GSK-3 α / β siRNA or GSK-3 α siRNA. GSK-3lpha and GSK-3eta were detected using a GSK-3lpha/etaantibody, and eIF4B was detected using eIF4B Antibody #3592. The GSK-3 α /B antibody confirms silencing of GSK-3 α and B expression, and the eIF4B Antibody is used to control for loading and siRNA specificity.





Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of HeLa cells, mock-transfected (left) or transfected with SignalSilence® GSK- $3\alpha/\beta$ siRNA (right), using GSK-3-α/β (D75D3) XP® Rabbit mAb #5676 (green). Actin filaments have been labeled wth DyLight™ 554 Phalloidin #13054 (red). Blue pseudocolor = DRAQ5® #4084 (fluorescent DNA dye).

Entrez-Gene ID #2931, 2932 UniProt ID #P49840. P49841

Storage: GSK-3 α/β siRNA I is supplied in RNAse-free water. Aliquot and store at -20°C.

Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended companion products.

Background References:

- (1) Verstrepen, L. et al. (2009) Biochem Pharmacol 78, 105-14.
- (2) Beyaert, R. et al. (2000) Biochem Pharmacol 60, 1143-51.
- (3) Lee, E.G. et al. (2000) Science 289, 2350-4.
- (4) Dixit, V.M. et al. (1990) J Biol Chem 265, 2973-8.
- (5) Wertz, I.E. et al. (2004) Nature 430, 694-9.

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