✓ 100 µg



Orders 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

Support 877-678-TECH (8324)

info@cellsignal.com

Web www.cellsignal.com

rev. 09/13/18

For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: This peptide is used to block Phospho-Akt (Ser473) (D9W9U) mouse mAb #12694 reactivity.

Background: Akt, also referred to as PKB or Rac, plays a critical role in controlling survival and apoptosis (1-3). This protein kinase is activated by insulin and various growth and survival factors to function in a wortmannin-sensitive pathway involving PI3 kinase (2,3). Akt is activated by phospholipid binding and activation loop phosphorylation at Thr308 by PDK1 (4) and by phosphorylation within the carboxy terminus at Ser473. The previously elusive PDK2 responsible for phosphorylation of Akt at Ser473 has been identified as mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) in a rapamycin-insensitive complex with rictor and Sin1 (5,6). Akt promotes cell survival by inhibiting apoptosis through phosphorylation and inactivation of several targets, including Bad (7), forkhead transcription factors (8), c-Raf (9), and caspase-9. PTEN phosphatase is a major negative regulator of the PI3 kinase/Akt signaling pathway (10). LY294002 is a specific PI3 kinase inhibitor (11). Another essential Akt function is the regulation of glycogen synthesis through phosphorylation and inactivation of GSK-3 α and β (12,13). Akt may also play a role in insulin stimulation of glucose transport (12). In addition to its role in survival and alvcogen synthesis. Akt is involved in cell cycle regulation by preventing GSK-3\beta-mediated phosphorylation and degradation of cyclin D1 (14) and by negatively regulating the cyclin dependent kinase inhibitors p27 Kip1 (15) and p21 Waf1/Cip1 (16). Akt also plays a critical role in cell growth by directly phosphorylating mTOR in a rapamycinsensitive complex containing raptor (17). More importantly, Akt phosphorylates and inactivates tuberin (TSC2), an inhibitor of mTOR within the mTOR-raptor complex (18,19).

Quality Control: The quality of the peptide was evaluated by reversed-phase HPLC and by mass spectrometry. The peptide detects Phospho-Akt (Ser473) (D9W9U) mouse mAb #12694 in peptide dot blot.

Directions for Use: Use as a blocking reagent to evaluate the specificity of antibody reactivity in peptide dot blot protocols.

Background References:

- (1) Franke, T.F. (1997) Cell 88, 435-437.
- (2) Burgering, B.T. and Coffer, P.J. (1995) *Nature* 376, 599–602.
- (3) Franke, T.F. et al. (1995) Cell 81, 727-736.
- (4) Alessi, D.R. et al. (1996) EMBO J. 15, 6541-6551.
- (5) Sarbassov, D.D. et al. (2005) Science 307, 1098-1101.
- (6) Jacinto, E. et al. (2006) Cell 127, 125-137.
- (7) Cardone, M.H. et al. (1998) Science 282, 1318-1321.
- (8) Brunet, A. et al. (1999) Cell 96, 857-868.
- (9) Zimmerman, S. et al. (1999) Science 286, 1741-1744.
- (10) Cantley, L.C. et al. (1999) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 96, 4240–4245.
- (11) Vlahos, C. et al. (1994) *J. Biol. Chem.* 269, 5241–5248.
- (12) Hajduch, E. et al. (2000) FEBS Lett. 492, 199-203.
- (13) Cross, D.A. et al. (1995) Nature 373, 785-789.
- (14) Diehl, J.A. et al. (1998) Genes Dev. 12, 3499-3511.
- (15) Gesbert, F. et al. (2000) *J. Biol. Chem.* 275, 39223–39230.
- (16) Zhou, B.P. et al. (2001) Nat. Cell Biol. 3, 245-252.
- (17) Nave, B.T. et al. (1999) Biochem. J. 344, 427-431.
- (18) Manning, B.D. et al. (2000) Mol. Cell 4, 648-657.
- (19) Manning, B.D. et al. (2002) Mol. Cell 10, 151-162.
- (20) Inoki, K. et al. (2002) Nat. Cell Biol. 4, 648-657.

Entrez-Gene ID #207 UniProt ID #P31749

Storage: Supplied in 20 mM potassium phosphate (pH 7.0), 50 mM NaCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mg/ml BSA, 5% glycerol and 1% DMSO. Store at -20° C.

For application specific protocols please see the web page for this product at www.cellsignal.com.

Please visit www.cellsignal.com for a complete listing of recommended companion products.

© 2015 Cell Signaling Technology, Inc. Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.