

# HTScan<sup>®</sup> Csk Kinase Assay Kit

✓ 100 assays  
(96 Well Format)

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This product is for *in vitro* research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.

Products Included	Products #	Kit Quantity
Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100)	9411	30 µl
HTScan <sup>®</sup> Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (4X)	9805	15 ml
ATP (10 mM)	9804	1 ml
Pyk2 (Tyr882) Biotinylated Peptide	1370	1.25 ml
Csk Kinase (recombinant, human)	7801	5 µg

**Description:** The kit provides a means of performing kinase activity assays with recombinant human Csk kinase. It includes active Csk kinase (supplied as a GST fusion protein), a biotinylated peptide substrate and a phospho-Tyrosine monoclonal antibody for detection of the phosphorylated form of the substrate peptide.

**Peptide Core Sequence:** LVY\*LN

**Molecular Weights:** Peptide substrate, Biotin-peptide: 2,290 Daltons, GST-Csk Kinase: 80 kDa.

**Background:** Carboxy-terminal Src kinase (Csk) is a ubiquitously expressed nonreceptor tyrosine kinase that negatively regulates the Src family kinases (SFK) by phosphorylation of the SFK carboxy-terminal tyrosine (1,2). Phosphorylated carboxy-terminal tyrosine binds to the SH2 domain of SFK intramolecularly and leads to folding and inactivation of the SFK (3). This Csk-catalyzed SFK tyrosine phosphorylation is highly specific and exclusive. The SFK carboxy-terminal tyrosine is the only known physiological substrate of Csk (4).

Csk consists of an SH2, an SH3, and a kinase domain. There is evidence that the SH2 and SH3 domains are essential for the regulation of SFK, and Csk can be recruited to the membrane where SFKs are in an active state. This process is mediated by a Csk-binding protein (Cbp, also

called PAG), which binds tightly to the SH2 domain of Csk (5). Activation of SFK by extracellular stimuli leads to the tyrosine phosphorylation of Cbp, generating docking sites for Csk. The recruitment of Csk forms a feedback mechanism for termination of SFK function (6).

**Source/Purification:** The GST-Kinase fusion protein was produced using a baculovirus expression system with a construct expressing Met1-Leu450 of the human Csk (GenBank Accession No. NM\_004383) with an amino-terminal GST tag. The protein was then purified by one-step affinity chromatography using glutathione-agarose.

**Quality Control:** The substrate peptide was selected using our Tyrosine Kinase Substrate Screening Kit #7450. Phospho-Tyrosine mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 was used for detection. The quality of the biotinylated peptide was evaluated by reverse-phase HPLC and by mass spectrometry.

Purified Csk kinase was quality controlled for purity by SDS-PAGE followed by Coomassie stain and Western blot. The specific activity of the Csk kinase was determined using a radiometric assay [Fig.1]. Time course [Fig.2], kinase dose dependency [Fig.3] and substrate dose-dependency [Fig.4] assays were performed to verify Csk activity using the Csk substrate peptide provided in this kit. Csk sensitivity to the inhibitor staurosporine was measured using the Csk substrate peptide provided in this kit [Fig.5].

#### Background References:

- (1) Nada, S. et al. (1991) *Nature* 351, 69–72.
- (2) Nada, S. et al. (1993) *Cell* 73, 1125–1135.
- (3) Lee, S. et al. (2003) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 100, 14707–14712.
- (4) Imamoto, A. and Soriano, P. (1993) *Cell* 73, 1117–1124.
- (5) Kawabuchi, M. et al. (2000) *Nature* 404, 999–1003.
- (6) Matsuoka, H. et al. (2004) *J. Biol. Chem.* 279, 5975–5983.

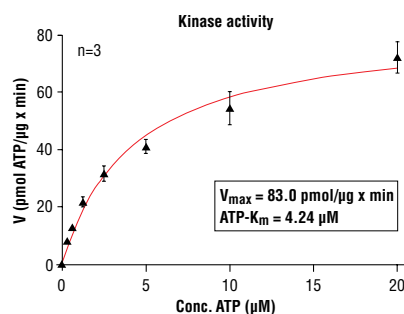


Figure 1. Csk kinase activity was measured in a radioisotopic filter binding assay using the following reaction conditions: 60 mM HEPES-NaOH, pH 7.5, 3 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 3 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>, 3 µM Na-orthovanadate, 1.2 mM DTT, ATP (variable), 200 ng/50 µl PEG20,000, Substrate: Poly(EY) 1 µg/50 µl, recombinant Csk: 4 Units/50 µl.

**Storage:** Antibodies are supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Do not aliquot the antibodies. Peptides are supplied at 6 µM in 0.001% DMSO. Enzymes are supplied in 50 mM Tris-HCL (pH 8.0), 100 mM NaCl, 5 mM DTT, 15 mM reduced glutathione and 20% glycerol. Store at -80°C.

Keep enzymes on ice during use.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Companion Products:

Tyrosine Kinase Substrate Screening Kit #7450

Staurosporine #9953

HTScan<sup>®</sup> Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (4X) #9805

ATP (10 mM) #9804

Phospho-Tyrosine Mouse mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411

Csk Kinase #7801

Pyk2 (Tyr882) Biotinylated Peptide #1370

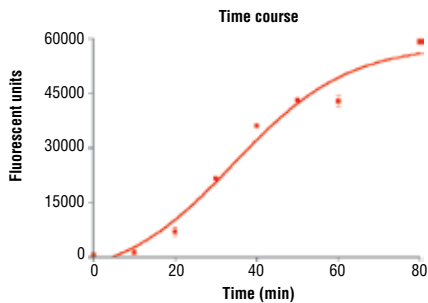


Figure 2. Time course of Csk kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of Csk substrate peptide (#1370) by Csk kinase. In a 50 µl reaction, 100 ng Csk and 1.5 µM substrate peptide were used per reaction. (DELFLIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)

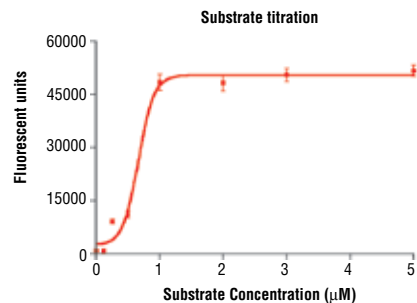


Figure 4. Peptide concentration dependence of Csk kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of substrate peptide (#1370) by Csk kinase. In a 50 µl reaction, 100 ng of Csk and increasing concentrations of substrate peptide were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFLIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)

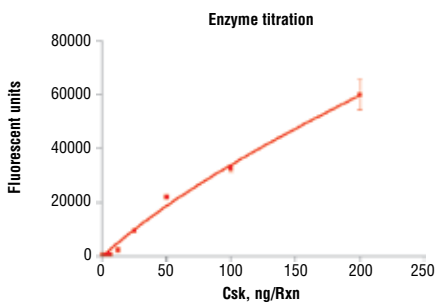


Figure 3. Dose dependence curve of Csk kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of substrate peptide (#1370) by Csk kinase. In a 50 µl reaction, increasing amounts of Csk and 1.5 µM substrate peptide were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFLIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)

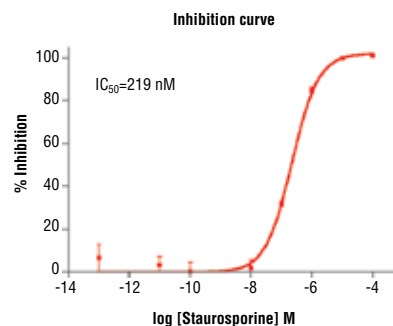


Figure 5. Staurosporine inhibition of Csk kinase activity: DELFIA® data generated using Phospho-Tyrosine mAb (P-Tyr-100) #9411 to detect phosphorylation of Csk substrate peptide (#1370) by Csk kinase. In a 50 µl reaction, 100 ng Csk kinase, 1.5 µM substrate peptide, 20 µM ATP and increasing amounts of staurosporine were used per reaction at room temperature for 30 minutes. (DELFLIA® is a registered trademark of PerkinElmer, Inc.)

## Protocol for HTScan® Csk Kinase Assay Kit

### Kinase

**Note:** Lot-specific information for this kinase is provided on the enzyme vial. Optimal assay incubation times and enzyme concentrations must be determined empirically for each lot of kinase under specified conditions.

### A Additional Solutions and Reagents (Not included)

1. **Wash Buffer:** 1X PBS, 0.05% Tween-20 (PBS/T)
2. Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA)
3. **Stop Buffer:** 50 mM EDTA pH 8

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### B Suggested Protocol for 100 Assays

1. Add 10 µl 10 mM ATP to 1.25 ml 6 µM substrate peptide. Dilute the mixture with dH<sub>2</sub>O to 2.5 ml to make 2X ATP/substrate cocktail ([ATP]=40 µM, [substrate]=3 µM).
2. Immediately transfer enzyme from -80°C to ice. Allow enzyme to thaw on ice.
3. **Microcentrifuge briefly at 4°C to bring liquid to the bottom of the vial. Return immediately to ice.**
4. Add 10 µl of DTT (1.25 M) to 2.5 ml of 4X HTScan® Tyrosine Kinase Buffer (240 mM HEPES pH 7.5, 20 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 20 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>, 12 µM Na<sub>3</sub>VO<sub>4</sub>) to make DTT/Kinase buffer.
5. Transfer 1.2 ml of DTT/Kinase buffer to each enzyme tube to make 4X reaction cocktail ([enzyme] = 4 ng/µL in 4X reaction cocktail).
6. Incubate 12.5 µl of the 4X reaction cocktail with 12.5 µl/well of prediluted compound of interest (usually around 10 µM) for 5 minutes at room temperature.
7. Add 25 µl of 2X ATP/substrate cocktail to 25 µl/well preincubated reaction cocktail/compound.

#### Final Assay Conditions for a 50 µl Reaction

60 mM HEPES pH 7.5  
5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>  
5 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>  
3 µM Na<sub>3</sub>VO<sub>4</sub>  
1.25 mM DTT  
20 µM ATP  
1.5 µM peptide  
50 ng Csk Kinase

8. Incubate reaction plate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
9. Add 50 µl/well Stop Buffer (50 mM EDTA, pH 8) to stop the reaction.
10. Transfer 25 µl of each reaction and 75 µl dH<sub>2</sub>O/well to a 96-well streptavidin-coated plate and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
11. \*Wash three times with 200 µl/well PBS/T
12. Dilute primary antibody, Phospho-Tyrosine mAb (P-Tyr-100), 1:1000 in PBS/T with 1% BSA. Add 100 µl/well primary antibody.
13. Incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
14. \*Wash three times with 200 µl/well PBS/T
15. For DELFLIA® or Colorimetric ELISA detection methods please use the following protocols.

### DELFLIA® Assay

1. Prepare appropriate dilution of Europium labeled secondary antibody in PBS/T with 1% BSA (1:500 dilution for anti-mouse IgG or 1:1000 for anti-rabbit IgG).
2. Add 100 µl/well secondary antibody solution.
3. Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
4. \*Wash five times with 200 µl/well PBS/T.
5. Add 100 µl/well DELFLIA® Enhancement Solution.
6. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
7. Read plate using a Time Resolved Fluorescent plate reader using the following settings;
  - a. Excitation Filter: 340 nm
  - b. Emission Filter: 615 nm
  - c. Delay\*\*: 400 µs
 \*\* Delay time is the delay from the excitation pulse to the beginning of the measurement.

### Companion Products for DELFLIA®

DELFLIA® Europium-labeled Anti-mouse IgG (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #AD0124)  
DELFLIA® Europium-labeled Anti-rabbit IgG (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #AD0105)  
DELFLIA® Enhancement Solution (PerkinElmer Life Sciences #1244-105)  
DELFLIA® Streptavidin coated, 96-well, yellow plate (PerkinElmer Life Sciences AAAND-0005)

### Colorimetric ELISA Assay

1. Prepare appropriate dilution of HRP labeled secondary antibody in PBS/T with 1% BSA (1:500 dilution for anti-mouse IgG or 1:1000 for anti-rabbit IgG).
2. Add 100 µl/well secondary antibody solution.
3. Incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
4. \*Wash five times with 200 µl/well PBS/T.
5. Add 100 µl/well TMB substrate.
6. Incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes.
7. Add 100 µl/well of stop solution.
8. Mix well.
9. Read the absorbance at 450 nm with a microtiter plate reader.

### Companion Products For Colorimetric ELISA Assay

Anti-mouse IgG, HRP Linked Antibody #7076  
Anti-rabbit IgG, HRP Linked Antibody #7074  
TMB Solution #7004  
Stop Solution #7002

\* **NOTE:** Use of an automated microplate washer as well as centrifugation of plates when appropriate, greatly improves reproducibility.

Please contact Cell Signaling Technology for HTS-ready antibodies (PBS formulated and carrier-free), and detailed peptide substrate sequence information.  
Email: drugdiscovery@cellsignal.com